REVIEW D&Y! – QU&DR&TIC METHODS

- GET OUT NOTEBOOKS AND PENCIL
- NO BELL RINGER!

CRITICAL JUDGMENTS OF A QUADRATIC

SOLVING WITH QUADRATIC METHODS:

REVIEWING QUADRATIC METHODS

DIFFERENT METHODS

• FACTORING

• COMPLETING THE SQUARE

• QUADRATIC FORMULA

REVIEWING F&CTORING

- FACTORS OF A QUADRATIC ARE IN THE FORM OF (AX+B)*(CX+D).
- IF A, B, C, AND D ARE INTEGERS, THEN SOLUTIONS WILL COME FAST.
- SOLUTIONS ARE THE X VALUES
- <u>CANNOT</u> FIND SOLUTIONS THAT ARE NOT INTEGERS

FACTORING EXAMPLE

- FACTOR THE FOLLOWING AND FIND THE SOLUTIONS:
- $x^2 + 2x + 1$
- FACTORS: (X+1) (X+1)
- *SOLUTION: X* = -1

REVIEWING COMPLETING THE SQUARE

- <u>HTTPS://YOUTU.BE/DQMYANIACIY</u>
- ALWAYS WORKS!

COMPLETING THE SQUARE EXAMPLE

 $x^2 - 3x = 18$ $\left(x-\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 = \frac{81}{4}$ $x^2 - 3x + \Box = 18 + \Box$ $x - \frac{3}{2} = \pm \frac{9}{2}$ $\left|\frac{9}{4}\right|$ $\left|x^2 - 3x + \left|\frac{9}{4}\right| = 18 + \right|$ $x = \frac{3}{2} + \frac{9}{2} = \frac{12}{2} = \frac{6}{2}$ $x^2 - 3x + \frac{9}{4} = \frac{81}{4}$ $x = \frac{3}{2} - \frac{9}{2} = \frac{-6}{2} = -3$ *SOLUTIONS FOR* $x^{2} - 3x = 18$: X = 6X = -3

REVIEWING THE QUADRATIC FORMULA

- EQUATIONS WILL BE IN THE FORM: $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$
- QUADRATIC FORMULA:

•
$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

• ALWAYS WORKS! MOST STRAIGHTFORWARD METHOD!

QUADRATIC FORMULA EXAMPLE

• $x^2 + 2x - 4$

SOLUTIONS:

• STANDARD FORM: $x^2 + 2x - 4 = 0$

$$\mathbf{x_1} = \frac{-2 - \sqrt{2^2 - 4 \times 1 \times (-4)}}{2 \times 1} = \frac{-2 - 2 \times \sqrt{5}}{2} \approx -3.236$$
$$\mathbf{x_2} = \frac{-2 + \sqrt{2^2 - 4 \times 1 \times (-4)}}{2 \times 1} = \frac{-2 + 2 \times \sqrt{5}}{2} \approx 1.236$$

GEOGEBRA REVIEW

• FACTORING: <u>HTTPS://WWW.GEOGEBRA.ORG/M/QBHXBVK8</u>

- COMPLETING THE SQUARE: <u>HTTPS://WWW.GEOGEBRA.ORG/M/GSFFNWVG</u>
- QUADRATIC FORMULA: <u>HTTPS://WWW.GEOGEBRA.ORG/M/K2MAV7ER</u>

EXIT TICKET

• PICK UP TAKE HOME REVIEW ON YOUR WAY OUT!

- TURNED IN COMPLETED = +5 POINTS ON TEST!